

NOAHIDES AND PRAYER

1. Isaiah 56:7

I will bring them to My sacred mount	וַהָבִיאוֹתִֿים אֶל־הַר קָדְשָׁי וְשִׂמַּחָתִּים בְּבֵית תְּפִלָּתִׁי עוֹלֹתֵיהֶם
And let them rejoice in My house of prayer.	וְזַבְחֵיהֶם לְרָצָוֹן עַל־מִזְבָּחֶי כִּי בֵיתִׁי בֵּית־תִּפְלֵה יִקְרֵא לְכָל־
Their burnt offerings and sacrifices	ָהָעַמְים:
Shall be welcome on My altar;	
For My House shall be called	
A house of prayer for all peoples."	

2. Exodus 23:25

And you shall serve the L-rd your G-d, and he	וַעֲבַדְּהָּם אָת ה׳ אֱלֹקיכֶּם וּבֵרָד אֱת־לַחְמְדָּ וְאֶת־מֵימֶידְ וַהַּסִרֹתִי
shall bless thy bread, and thy water; and I will	מַחַלָה מִקּרְבֶּדְ:
take sickness away from the midst of thee.	

3. Deuteronomy 11:13

And it shall come to pass, if you hearken	וָהָיָה אָם־שָׁמְעַ תִּשְׁמְעוּ אֶל־מִצְוֹתַׁי אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכֵי מְצֵוָּה אֶתְכֶם
diligently to my commandments which I	ַ הַיָּוֹם לְאַהָבָּה אָת־י ה' אֱלְקיכֶם וּלְעָבְדוֹ בְּכָל־לְבַבְכֶם וּבְכָל־
command you this day, to love the L-rd your G-	ַ נַפְּשָׁבֶם:
d, and to serve him with all your heart and with	
all your soul	

4. TB Ta'anit 2b

From where do we derive that (rain must be	וּמְנָא לַן דְּבַתְפָלָה — דְּתַנְיָא: ״לְאַהַבָה אֶת ה׳ אֱלֹקיכֶם
metioned) in prayer? It is taught in the beraita,	וּלְעָבְדוֹ בְּכָל לְבַבְכֶם״, אֵיזוֹ הִיא עֲבוֹדָה שֶׁהִיא בַּלֵב — הֱוֵי
"to love the L-rd your G-d and to serve him with	אוֹמֵר: זוֹ תְּפַלָּה
all your hearts, etc." Which is the service of the	
heart? We must say, "prayer".	

5. Rambam, Laws of Prayer and Birkat Kohanim 1:1

It is a positive Torah commandment to pray every day, as [Exodus 23:25] states: "You shall serve G-d, your L-rd." Tradition teaches us that this service is prayer, as [Deuteronomy 11:13] states: "And serve Him with all your heart" and our Sages said: Which is the service of the heart? This is prayer. The number of prayers is not prescribed in the Torah, nor does it prescribe a specific formula for prayer. Also, according to Torah law, there are no fixed times for prayers.	מְצְנַת עֲשֶׂה לְהָתְפַּלֵּל בְּכָל יוֹם שֶׁנָּאֲמֵר)שמות כג כה (״נְעֲבַדְתָּם אֵת ה׳ אֱלֹקיכֶם״. מָפִּי הַשְּׁמוּעָה לָמְדוּ שֶׁעֲבוֹדָה זוֹ הִיא תְּפִלָּה שֶׁנָּאֲמֵר)דברים יא יג (״וּלְעָבְדוֹ בְּכָל לְבַבְּכֶם״ אָמָרוּ חַכָּמִים אֵי זוֹ הִיא עֲבוֹדָה שֶׁבַּלֵּב זוֹ תִּפְלָּה. וְאֵין מִנְיֵן הַתְּפָלוֹת מָן הַתּוֹרָה. וְאֵין מִשְׁנָה הַתְּפָלָה הַזֹּאֹת מָן הַתּוֹרָה. וְאֵין לַתְּפָלָּה זְמִן קְבוּע מִן הַתּוֹרָה :
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6. Hasagot HaRamban on Sefer HaMitzvot 5

The whole concept of prayer is not an obligation
at all; it is simply the kindness of the Creator,
may He be Blessed, that He bestows upon us
that He listens to and answers us any time we
call upon Him.

ודאי כל ענין התפלה אינו חובה כלל אבל הוא ממדת חסד הבורא יתברך עלינו ששומע ועונה בכל קראנו אליו

7. Rambam, Laws of Fasts 1:1-2

It is a positive Torah commandment to cry out and to sound trumpets in the event of any difficulty that arises which affects the community, as [Numbers 10:9] states: "[When you go out to war... against] an enemy who attacks you and you sound the trumpets...." [This commandment is not restricted to such a limited scope; rather] the intent is: Whenever you are distressed by difficulties - e.g., famine, plague, locusts, or the like - cry out [to G-d] because of them and sound the trumpets.

מְצְוַת עֲשֵׂה מִן הַתּוֹרָה לְזְעֹק וּלְהָרִיעַ בַּחָצוֹצְרוֹת עַל כָּל צָרָה שֶׁתָּבוֹא עַל הַצְּבּוּר. שֶׁנֶּאֲמֵר)במדבר י ט" (עַל הַצֵּר הַצִּרֵר אָתְכֶם וַהְרַעֹתֶם בּחָצִצְרוֹת". כְּלוֹמֵר כָּל דָּכָר שֶׁיָצֵר לָכָם כְּגוֹן בַּצֹּרָת וְדָבֶר וְאַרְבָּה וְכֵיּוֹצֵא בָּהָן זַעֲקוּ עֲלִיהָן וְהָרִיעוּ: